Office of Child Support POLICY SHEET

SUBJECT

Safeguarding Information

PS# 10-03

POLICY

It is Office of Child Support (OCS) policy to safeguard information in its possession, including but not limited to Federal Tax Information (FTI), Personal Identifiable Information (PII) and Federal Parent Locator Service (FPLS) information by requiring the following:

- Personal information should be stored and maintained in areas restricted to authorized personnel only.
- OCS staff must wear state issued ID badges at all times to identify themselves as authorized OCS agents.
- OCS staff must report cases that they have a conflict of interest in (see Employee Conflict of Interest Policy PS #05-04).
- Supervisors must authorize staff for ACCESS, the mainframe casework system, functions based on their job description and on a need-to-know basis.
- There must always be two barriers to OCS case information, including but not limited to FTI and FPLS.
- Reports containing FTI shall be clearly labeled using language provided by the IRS.
- Information contained in ACCESS and other connected casework systems shall not be disclosed to unauthorized parties. Any unauthorized disclosures of information must be reported based on the Incident Response Procedure.

PROCEDURES

OCS safeguards the information in its files and systems using the procedures outlined below. These procedures shall be followed by OCS staff both when working in state office locations or when tele-working (see Alternate Worksite Policy PS #22-03).

Hiring Procedures

- At the time OCS employees are hired, they are required to obtain a state issued ID badge that must be worn in plain view, above the waist, at all times.
- At the time an OCS employee is hired, they are required to report to their supervisor any cases where a conflict of interest may exist. The supervisor then notifies CSP (Child Support Problems- a system oversight function) of the case protections needed. CSP

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- reviews the request and enters the system block on the cases in question and all associated cases which prevents the staff person from being able to access the restricted cases.
- ACCESS system roles are requested by supervisors based on job requirements and on a need-to-know basis. The Federal Operations Manager approves the request. Once approved, CSP will add or remove roles.
- Federal Child Support Portal roles are provided to new hires based on job requirements and on a need-to-know basis. This is a secure web portal that allows child support agencies to send and receive vital case information and provides employers, insurers, and financial institutions a gateway to share required information with child support agencies.
- Background checks and Finger Printing are required for all OCS employees with access to FTI.

OCS File/Case Information Protection Procedures

- Each case is assigned an external case ID. While the law permits state agencies to collect and use social security numbers (SSN) under certain circumstances (i.e., on the Form 802-Child Support Order, as required under federal and state law), OCS employees shall use the external case ID in all other instances.
- All of OCS' individual case files are stored in a secured space. Hard files are stored in locked filing cabinets and/or behind locked doors to OCS space during non-duty hours.
- There are two barriers to OCS case information provided as follows:
 - Any documents containing PII, FTI, or FPLS information must be in locked filing cabinets when an authorized agent is not present and must be behind locked doors to OCS space during non-duty hours.
 - o FTI & FPLS information must be transported in secure, locked containers.
 - o Electronic files are protected by two levels of password protection.
 - o Computer monitors are positioned so as not to be visible to unauthorized persons.
 - Computer workstations must be locked when not in use or when unattended in OCS space.
- Personal information is shredded on-site by a vendor under the supervision of OCS staff.
- Documents containing FTI must be properly labeled using the appropriate IRS language (stamp).
- Tax return information provided by either party is not considered FTI and may be kept in hard copy or imaged to the case.
- Any movement of FTI (copy, paste or print) must by logged on the FTI log and sent to the supervisor of the specific unit/regional office each month. The supervisor will send the Quality Assurance Team the complete log for their area the following month.
- Unauthorized software and hardware shall not be installed on OCS computers.
- Systems containing FTI must have the required disclosure notice displayed prior to accessing case information.
- Staff shall never leave laptops unattended except when secured in locked OCS space.

Email and Fax Procedures (See Email and Fax Policy PS #22-02)

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Visitors and Office Space Protection Procedures

- Visitors to OCS space are not allowed in secured areas unless they provide a photo ID and sign into the visitor log. Visitors must be escorted at all times. Visitor logs for the various offices must be sent to the Quality Assurance Team monthly.
- Tailgating or piggybacking into secure office areas is restricted. (See <u>Tailgating Policy PS #22-01</u>)
- Combination locks must be changed annually and upon employee termination.
- Access control logs for badge readers must be reviewed monthly.
- Internal inspections are conducted annually to ensure security measures are in place and working effectively.

Staff Training Procedures

• OCS Staff are trained on what information may be disclosed and to whom both as part of their new worker training and then annually in the Disclosure Awareness Training.

Incident Response Procedures:

Whenever an unauthorized disclosure of personal information has occurred the following procedures must be followed **IMMEDIATELY** after the disclosure occurring:

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) & Social Security

Numbers (SSN) – If there is a violation of the AHS HIPAA Standards & Guidelines, the AHS

Consumer Information and Privacy Rule, or an unauthorized disclosure of an SSN that is not considered FTI or FPLS has occurred, you should talk to your supervisor about the event and notify CSP and our OCS HIPAA Liaison. You will complete the AHS Privacy/Security Event Report Form and submit it as soon as possible as specified in the form. If there is an emergency situation involving the disclosure of electronic health information and/or the security of AHS computer systems, call the phone numbers listed on the form. The AHS Privacy/Security Officer will make sure that affected parties receive proper written notice. At times, OCS may be asked to assist with the notification process. For SSN breaches, the notification shall include a description of the following:

- a description of the incident in general terms,
- the type of personal information that was disclosed to unauthorized parties,
- the steps taken to prevent future security breaches,
- a toll-free telephone number that the customer may call for further information and assistance, and
- information for the customer on how to monitor free credit reports and account activity.

Federal Tax Information (FTI) – Unauthorized disclosure of federal tax information in any form, i.e., data breaches, data incidents, information spillage, fax, email, or paper form, must be reported to your supervisor within one clock hour based on the IRS Incident Response Procedures and the OCS Incident Response Procedures. The supervisor shall notify CSP of the unauthorized disclosure of FTI within one clock hour of learning of the breach. CSP will review and report the breach to the IRS Office of Safeguards no later than 24 hours after the identified issue. Staff found responsible for the unauthorized disclosure of FTI are in violation of federal

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law. The penalties for such a violation include criminal penalties, punishable by fines, imprisonment or both; civil damages; and disciplinary action resulting in immediate dismissal for the most egregious offenses.

The Office of Safeguards will coordinate with OCS regarding appropriate follow-up actions required. Once the incident has been addressed, OCS shall conduct a post-incident review to ensure the incident response policies and procedures provide adequate guidance. Any identified deficiencies in the incident response policies and procedures shall be resolved and trained as soon as reasonably possible.

<u>Federal Parent Locator Service Information (FPLS)</u> – The FPLS is made up of two databases, the Federal Case Registry (FCR) and the National Directory of New Hires (NDNH). FPLS requests shall be made solely to locate a parent for the purpose of establishing paternity, securing child support (or where applicable, to locate a parent in a parental kidnapping case), establishing or enforcing a child custody or visitation order, and for other purposes specified in federal law and regulations.

FPLS data may be disclosed to authorized persons and entities only. As used in subsection (a) of the Social Security Act §453 the term "authorized person" means—

- (1) any agent or attorney of any State or Indian tribe or tribal organization (as defined in subsections (e) and (l) of section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b)), having in effect a plan approved under this part, who has the duty or authority under such plans to seek to recover any amounts owed as child and spousal support or to seek to enforce orders providing child custody or visitation rights (including, when authorized under the State plan, any official of a political subdivision);
- (2) the court which has authority to issue an order against a noncustodial parent for the support and maintenance of a child, or to issue an order against a resident parent for child custody or visitation rights, or any agent of such court;
- (3) the resident parent, legal guardian, attorney, or agent of a child (other than a child receiving assistance under a State program funded under part A) (as determined by regulations prescribed by the Secretary) without regard to the existence of a court order against a noncustodial parent who has a duty to support and maintain any such child;
- (4) a State agency that is administering a program operated under a State plan under subpart 1 of part B, or a State plan approved under subpart 2 of part B or under part E; and
- (5) an entity designated as a Central Authority for child support enforcement in a foreign reciprocating country or a foreign treaty country for purposes specified in section 459A(c)(2).

If FPLS information is used for other purposes or disclosed improperly (in any form- i.e., data breaches, data incidents, information spillage, fax, email, or paper form), the unauthorized use or disclosure must be reported to your supervisor immediately, but no later than one hour after the identified issue. The supervisor will notify CSP to report the unauthorized disclosure to the Federal Office of Child Support Services and/or the IRS Office of Safeguards if the disclosed data is FTI.

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Unauthorized use or disclosure of State Workforce Agency information obtained through the FPLS can result in criminal penalties, as well as civil. The penalty for each act of unauthorized access to, disclosure of, or use of information in the National Directory of New Hires includes an administrative penalty (up to and including dismissal of employment) and a fine of \$1000. Unauthorized disclosure of FTI obtained through the FPLS is a violation of federal law which includes penalties for such a violation include criminal penalties, punishable by fines, imprisonment or both; civil damages; and disciplinary action resulting in immediate dismissal for the most egregious offenses.

Genetic Testing Results – Genetic testing results are confidential and are exempt from public inspection and copying. OCS may not release the genetic testing report or genetic material of any person for any purpose not relevant to the parentage proceeding without written permission of the person who furnished the genetic material. The confidential coversheet shall accompany all genetic testing results filed with the court. Genetic testing results shall be provided to all the parties involved in a parentage action. OCS must provide said results no later than 15 days before any hearing at which the results may be admitted into evidence. Once parentage is resolved, OCS will not release the genetic testing report or genetic material; the parties should obtain a copy from the lab or the court as they are protected by HIPAA and the Vermont Parentage Act.

RATIONALE

Much of the information received by the Office of Child Support in the course of operations is considered protected information by various laws, regulations, policies and procedures.

HIPAA requires that AHS implement procedures to carry out the HIPAA Privacy Rule. AHS calls these procedures the AHS HIPAA Standards & Guidelines. AHS staff must know how these Standards & Guidelines apply to their work and how to follow them.

Internal Revenue Code (I.R.C.) § 6103(l)(6) allows the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to disclose federal return information to federal, state and local child support enforcement agencies for purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations. This return information consists of taxpayer's social security number (or numbers, if the individual involved has more than one such number), address, filing status, amounts and nature of income, and the number of dependents reported on any return filed by, or with respect to, the individual taxpayer owing such obligations.

I.R.C. § 6103(l)(6)(B) authorizes further disclosures of return information by any federal, state or local child support enforcement agency with respect to any individual to whom child support obligations are sought to be established or enforced, to any agent of such agency which is under contract with such agency to carry out the purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations. The information that can be disclosed is limited to the address, social security number (or numbers) of such individual, and the amount of any reduction under I.R.C. § 6402(c) (relating to offset of past-due support against overpayments) in any overpayment otherwise payable to such individual.

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As a condition for receiving federal return information, recipient agencies are required by Federal Safeguards Requirements pursuant to I.R.C. § 6103(p)(4) to establish and maintain, to the satisfaction of the IRS, safeguards designed to prevent unauthorized access, disclosure, and use of all return information and to maintain the confidentiality of that information. These requirements are outlined in IRS Publication 1075. IRS Publication 1075 and AHS Policy Sheet 5.26 outline the process and requirements surrounding background checks for staff accessing FTI.

The Social Security Number Protection Act (9 V.S.A. § 2440(d)) says that the state and any state agency, political subdivisions of the state, and agent or employee of the state, may not collect a social security number from an individual unless authorized or required by law to do so; use the social security number for any purpose other than the purpose set forth in the statement required under subdivision (3) of this subsection; intentionally communicate or otherwise make available to the general public a person's social security number; or print an individual's social security number on any materials that are mailed to the individual, unless a state or federal law, regulation, or grant agreement requires that the social security number be on the document to be mailed. A social security number that is permitted to be mailed under this subdivision may not be printed, in whole or in part, on a postcard or other mailer not requiring an envelope, or visible on an envelope, without the envelope having been opened.

9 V.S.A. § 2440(e) further states that social security numbers may be disclosed to another governmental entity if disclosure is necessary for the state to perform its duties and responsibilities including necessary administrative purposes and internal verifications. Social security numbers disclosed pursuant to a court order, warrant or subpoena or in response to a valid discovery request pursuant to rules applicable to a court or administrative body that has jurisdiction over the disclosing entity is allowed.

26 U.S.C. §§ 7213(a)(2) and (b)(2) states that unauthorized use or disclosure of federal tax information obtained through the FPLS could result in criminal penalties and dismissal from employment.

42 U.S.C. § 653(1)(2) states that the penalty for each act of unauthorized access to, disclosure of, or use of information in the National Directory of New Hires shall include an administrative penalty (up to and including dismissal of employment) and a fine of \$1000.

15C V.S.A. §614 speaks to the confidential nature of genetic testing results and the genetic material obtained from individuals to perform genetic testing.

Date	Action	Description
04/21/2010	Created	
11/26/2012	Revised	
07/29/2013	Revised	
11/07/2014	Revised	

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09/14/2018	Revised	Added information on confidential nature of genetic testing results based on Vermont Parentage Act
08/08/2019	Revised	Confidential cover sheet accompanies GT results to court, GT results to parties 15 days prior to court, GT results not provided by OCS after parentage resolved
04/14/2022	Revised	Updated points of contact and reporting procedures, linked to Tailgating and Email/Fax Policy sheets
02/13/2023	Revised	Updated all existing AHS hyperlinks to work with new AHS website; added finger printing requirement
8/25/2023	Revised	Updated FPLS information to provide additional details and to clarify reporting for potential breach occurrences; removed requirement to contact the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) based on Security and Privacy Alert Memo from IRS Office of Safeguards, effective 8/21/23
08/30/2023	Revised	Updated the hyperlink to feature the recently updated OCS Incident Response Procedure
08/31/2023	Revised	Updated hyperlinks to Email and Fax Policy, Tailgating Policy, Alternate Worksite Policy
12/19/2023	Revised	Updated reference reporting potential FPLS breaches to be directed to OCSS and/or IRS Office of Safeguards

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