

Killington BF 020-2(42) Public Meeting

US Route 4 – Bridge #33 over Ottauquechee River

March 6, 2015



Introductions

Jennifer Fitch, P.E.

VTrans Scoping and Design Project Manager

Gary Sweeny, P.E.

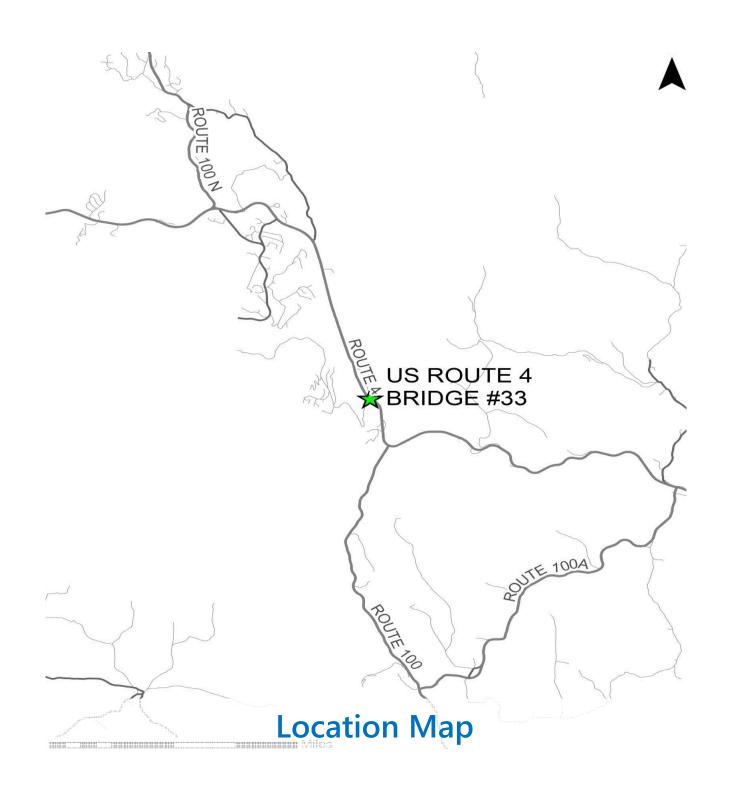
VTrans Scoping Engineer



Purpose of Meeting

- Provide an understanding of our approach to the project
- Provide an overview of project constraints
- Discuss alternatives that were considered
- Provide an opportunity to ask questions and voice concerns
- Foster support for the recommended alternative







Meeting Overview

- VTrans Project Development Process
- Project Overview
 - Existing Conditions
 - Alternatives Considered
 - Selected Alternative
- Maintenance of Traffic
- Schedule
- Questions



VTrans Project Development Process

Project Project Contract Funded Defined Award Project Project Design Construction Definition

- Identify resources & constraints
- Evaluate alternatives
- Public participation
- Build Consensus

- Quantify areas of impact
- Environmental permits
- Develop plans, estimate and specifications

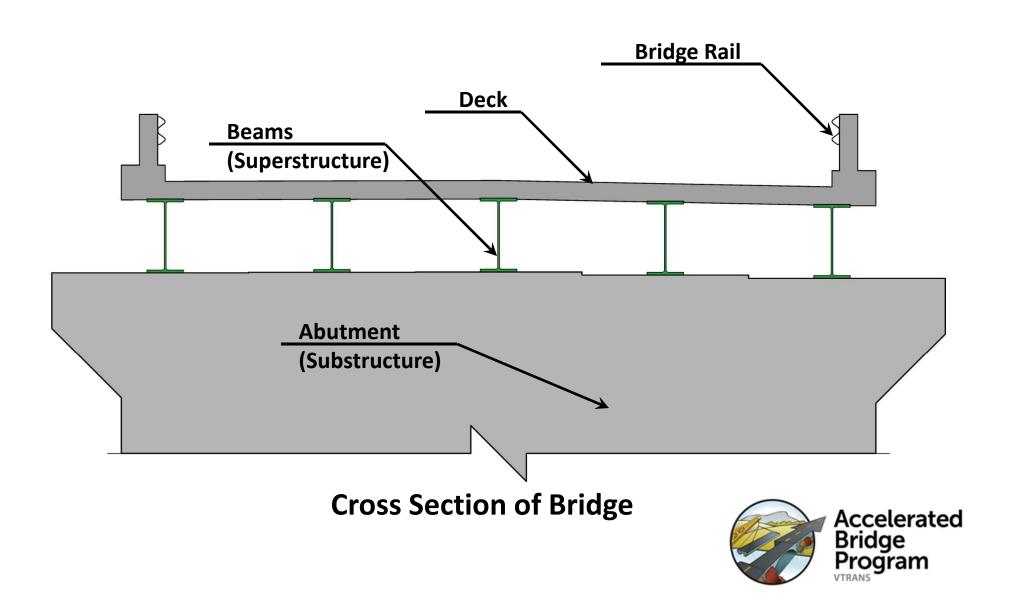


Project Overview

- Existing Conditions
- Alternatives Considered
- Recommended Alternative



Description of Terms Used





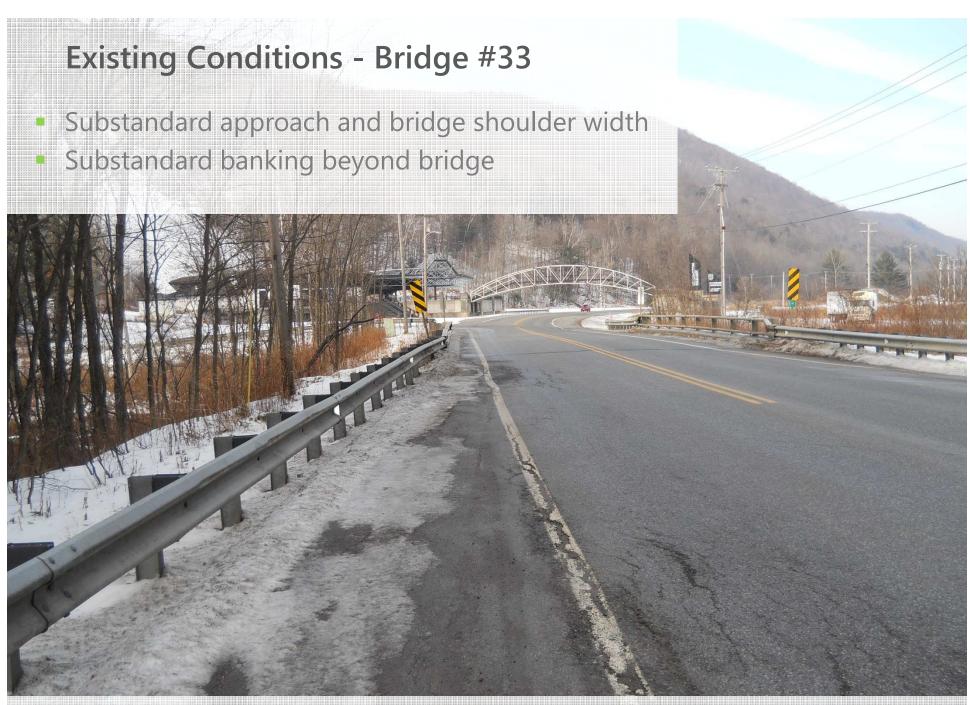
Existing Conditions – Bridge #33

- The existing concrete deck is in poor condition
- The bridge is considered structurally deficient
- Approach and bridge lane and shoulder widths are substandard
- The approaches have substandard banking
- The clear zones are substandard
- High crash location
- VTrans Geotechnical Section recommends replacement of substructures





Typical deck deterioration with exposed rebar



Bridge 33 Looking West



Bridge 33 Looking East

Design Criteria and Considerations

- ADT of 5,900
- DHV of 820
- % Trucks: 15.4
- Design Speed of 50 mph
- Structure is hydraulically adequate
- Class II wetlands in 3 quadrants and archaeological resources in 4 quadrants
- AOP and wildlife crossing accommodation are recommended



Alternatives Considered – Bridge #33

- No Action
 - Additional maintenance required within 10 years
- Deck Replacement
 - Least up-front cost
 - Beams cleaned and painted
 - No improvement in lane and shoulder widths
- Deck and Superstructure Replacement
 - New beams, no field paint or hazardous material issues
 - Lane and shoulder widths remain substandard
 - Banking remains substandard
- Complete Bridge Replacement
 - Longest service life
 - Meets all geometric criteria except shoulder width on approaches and on bridge

Accelerated

Most expensive

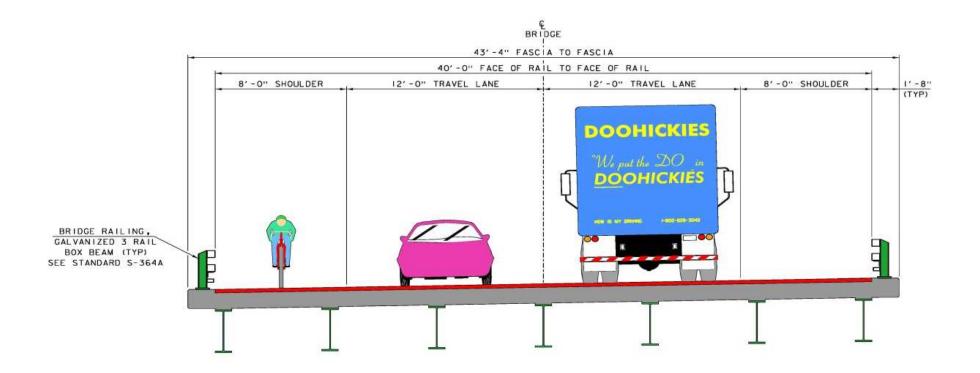
Selected Alternative - Bridge #33

- Complete Bridge Replacement
 - Widen bridge to maintain 8/12 typical section meets corridor typical but still substandard
 - Maintain existing horizontal alignment as much as possible
 - Raise grade to accommodate standard banking
 - No Utility relocation expected
 - No ROW





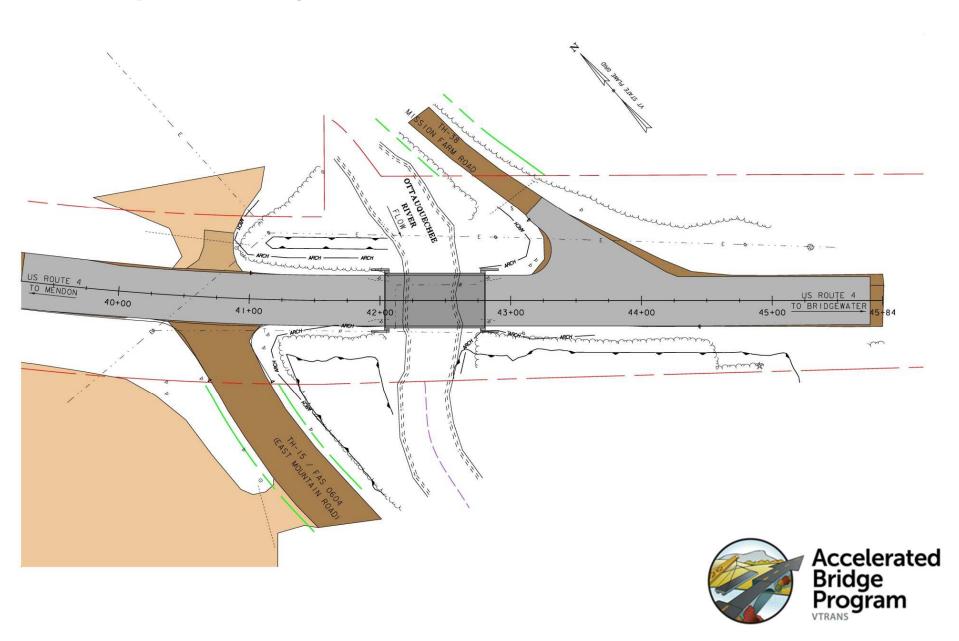
Proposed Bridge Section





Proposed Layout







Maintenance of Traffic Options Considered

- Road Closure with Offsite Detour
- Phased Construction
- Temporary Bridge



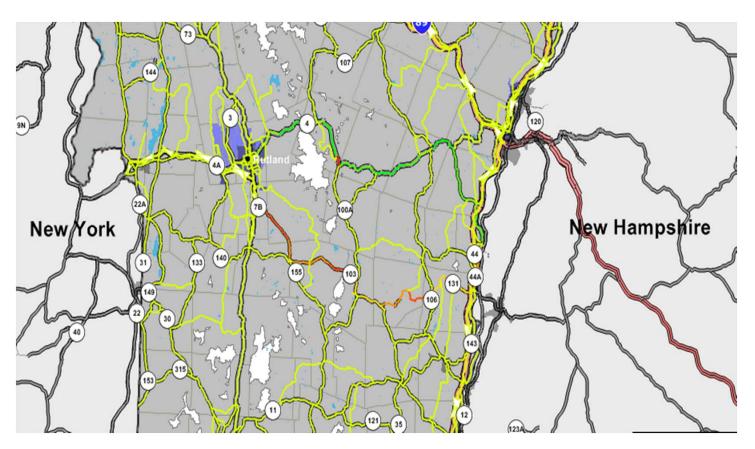
Statewide Travel Demand Model

- Travel demand model is maintained by UVM
- Link primarily used by regional traffic between Rutland, Killington and the urban areas of northern New England
- The remaining traffic originates locally in Bridgewater, Killington, Woodstock and Plymouth
- Two scenarios examined
 - 50% capacity to model phasing
 - Bridge closure

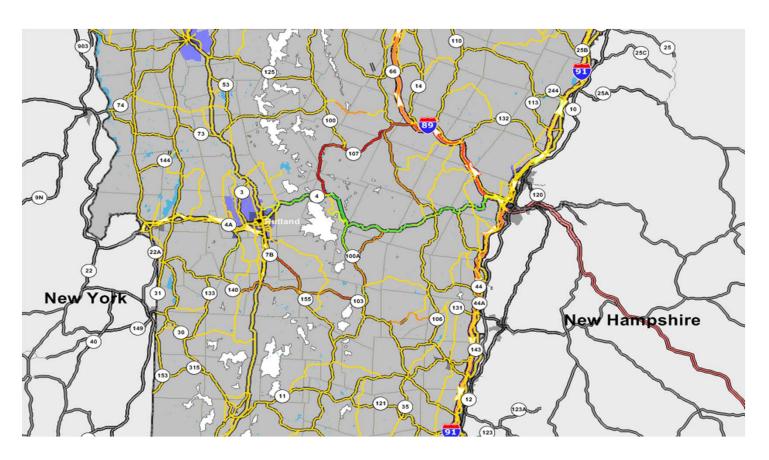


- Model concludes that if out-of-state traffic is diverted at distant locations, that there is no increase in vehicle hours traveled
- If project is phased, vehicle hours traveled increases, since out-of-state traffic continues to use the bridge





Phasing Scenario – increase in travel times shown in red and orange, decreases shown in green



Bridge closure scenario – increase in traffic shown in red and orange, decrease shown in green

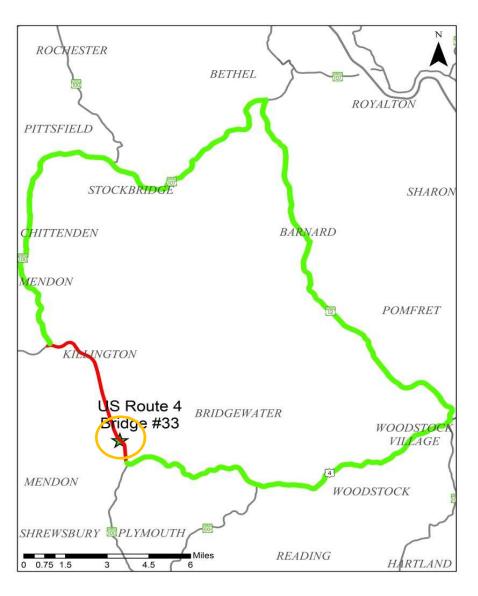
Conclusions

- In the Phasing Scenario, the impacts of the construction will outweigh the benefits by 1.4 vehicle-hours of travel
- Therefore, the Bridge Construction-Closure Scenario is preferable





Traffic Control - Offsite Detour - B



- 10 Day Road Closure w/ Offsite Detour
 - Signed by State
 - 1 hr, 18 minutes to drive end-toend
- US 4 to VT 12, VT 107, VT 100, US 4,
 - Through Route: 6.2 Miles
 - Detour Route: 46.7 Miles

Added Distance: 40.5 Miles

End-to-End Distance: 52.9 Miles



Project Summary

- Replace Entire Structure on alignment with a new single span bridge:
- Accelerated Construction using 10 day road closure with off-site detour
- Approximately 75' single span
- Widen bridge to 8'/12' typical section
- Maintain present horizontal alignment
- Raise grade at centerline approx. 18" to accommodate standard banking
- No Right-of-Way anticipated
- Utility relocation not anticipated

Preliminary Project Schedule

Construction – Summer 2018









Accelerated Bridge Construction









Killington BF 020-2(42) Questions and Comments

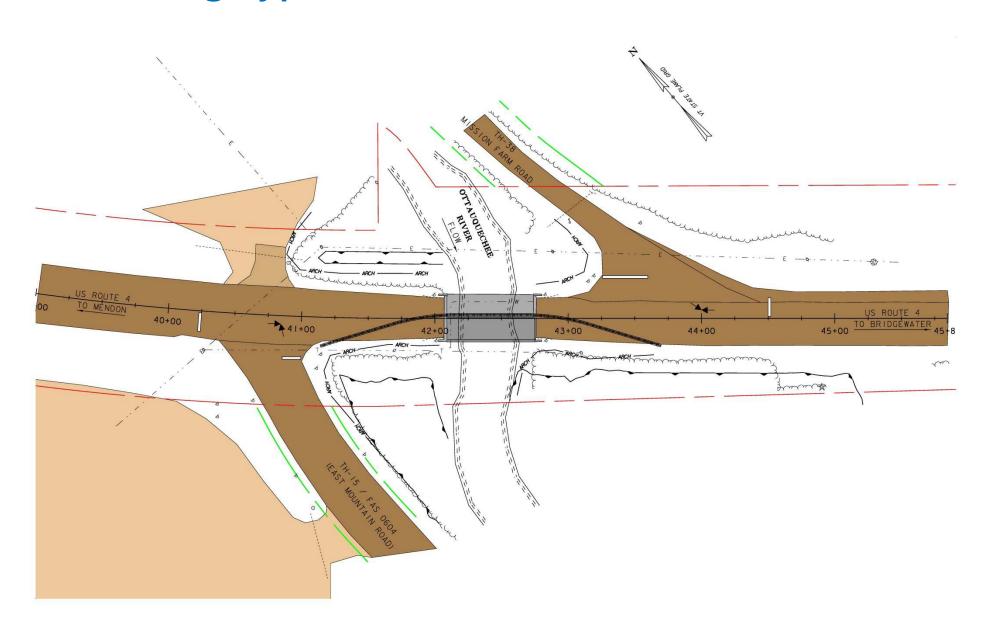
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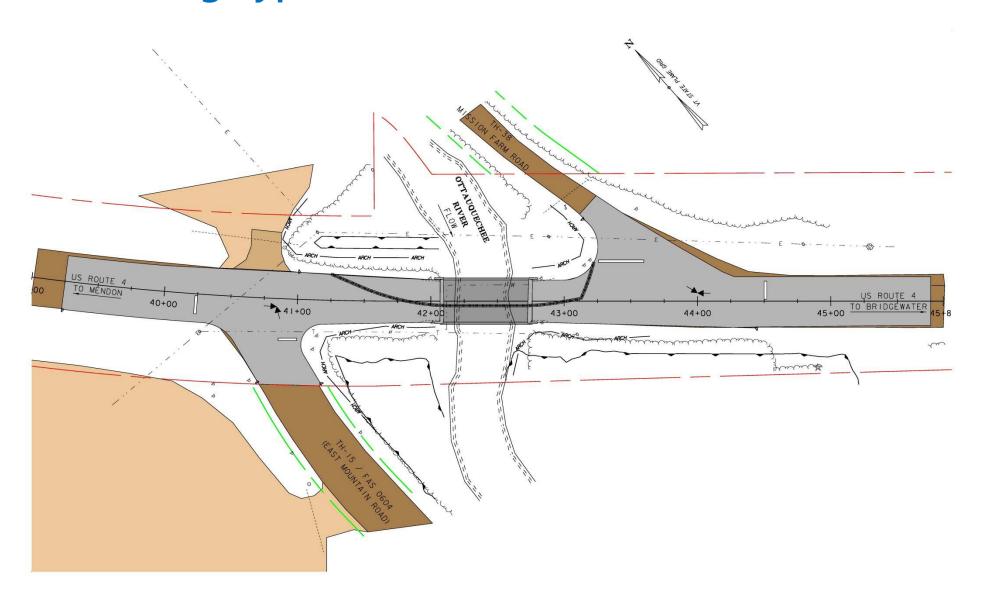
Phasing Typical Sections – Phase 1





Phasing Typical Sections – Phase 2



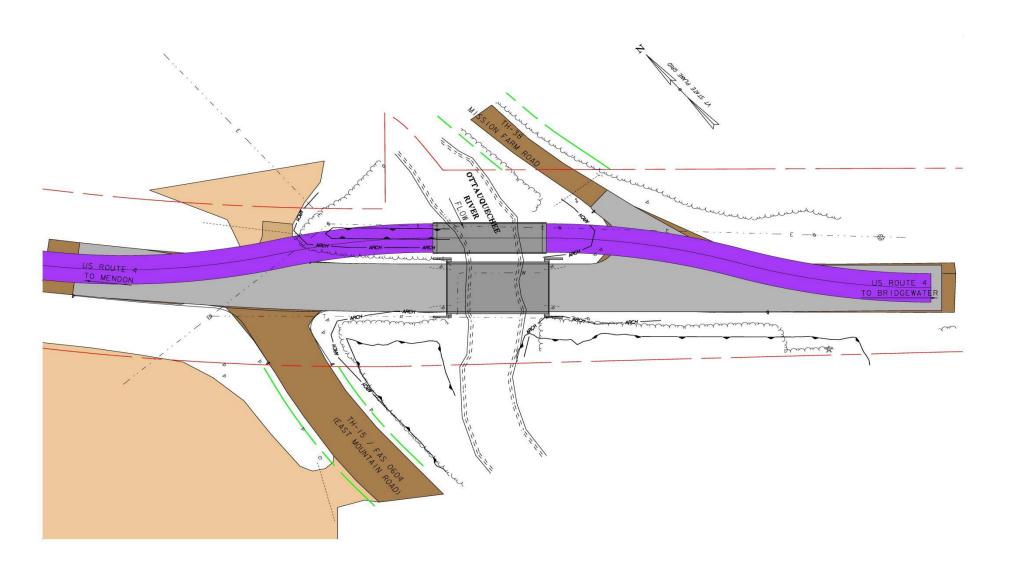








Temporary Bridge Layout – Upstream



Temporary Bridge Layout – Downstreamsency of Transportation

