Equal Treatment of Housing

Meeting Requirements of State Statute and Avoiding Housing Discrimination - 24 VSA § 4412 (1)

Zoning May Not Discriminate		Common but	More Equitable	
Housing Types that Must Be Allowed	Limits on Regulating	Minimal Compliance	Approaches Recommended	Resources
Accessory Dwelling Units Allowed where there are single-family homes	Statute establishes standards for ADUs, allowing municipalities to adopt less restrictive standards while prohibiting stricter ones.	 Apply the most restrictive standards allowed by statute such as: ADU must be sized no larger than 30% of main dwelling Conditional use review required for ADUs in a separate structure 	Adopt ADU standards that are less strict with provisions such as: Reduced on-site parking for ADUs Standards that are less about size and more about character Administrative approval for all ADUs	Sample ADU bylaw language in Enabling Better Places Guide Vermont State Housing Authority's Montpelier ADU Program aims to create more homes through support for ADUs
Multi-Unit/Family Dwellings Allow in the municipality	Zoning cannot "have the effect of excluding" multiple family buildings or multiple unit development.	Allow apartments, condos or other multi-unit/family buildings to be developed in certain districts, subject to conditional use review.	Encourage a wide variety of homes in walkable places: Remove density and lot size requirements Instead use building patterns and sizes to regulate Reduce types subject to conditional use and PUD approvals	More recommendations and sample bylaw language for uses and districts in the Enabling Better Places Guide
Group Homes Treat as a single-family home	State registered group care homes serving no more than 8 people with a disability must be allowed as a single-family home.	Define group homes as a use separate from single family homes but allow in the same places with the same number of homes.	Recognize group homes no differently from a single-family home: • Use "household" instead of "family" in zoning use tables • Explicitly include group homes in definitions for "household"	Disability and related terms are defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501.
Mobile Homes Allow in the municipality	Zoning bylaws cannot "have the effect of excluding" mobile, modular or prefabricated homes, except on the same terms as conventional housing.	No distinction is made between mobile homes and homes using other construction methods in the zoning regulations.	Where appropriate, craft design standards to avoid emphasizing building construction, and accommodate mobile, modular, prefabricated homes or other approaches that can be affordable.	See overall approach in the Enabling Better Places Guide
Mobile Home Parks (MHPs) Allow in the municipality	Zoning cannot "have the effect of excluding" MPHs, and where MPHs were established prior to zoning, the whole park and not the individual sites must be treated as the nonconformity. Municipalities may adopt site-specific health and safety standards to regulate individual sites.	Designate one or more districts where there is a reasonable chance a new MHP could be located.	 Remove outdated provisions regulating new MPHs Craft reasonable non-conformity standards for pre-existing MHPs If needed, adopt site specific standards Treat new MHPs as any other multi-unit project 	See DHCD Mobile Home Park Guidance for Municipalities and other Mobile Home Park Resources. Note also the HUD Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards.